MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET
REQUIRED UNDER SAFETY AND HEALTH REGULATION FOR SHIP REPAIRING

DATE UPDATED: SPETEMBER 09, 2016

SECTION 1. - - - - - - - - - CHEMICAL IDENTIFICATION- - - - - - - - - -

Product Name Lead(II) carbonate basic

Product Code(s) LB0559

Recommended Use For Laboratory Use Only
Not for Human or Animal Drug Use

SECTION 2. - - - - - - - - - - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION - - - - - - - - -

Emergency Overview

Target Organs

Nerves., Blood, Kidney, Female reproductive system., Male reproductive system.

WHMIS Classification

D1B	Toxic Material Causing Immediate and Serious Toxic Effects	Toxic by inhalation.
D2A	Very Toxic Material Causing Other Toxic Effects	Teratogen Carcinogen

GHS Classification

Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4)
Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 4)
Reproductive toxicity (Category 1A)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Category 2)
Acute aquatic toxicity (Category 1)
Chronic aquatic toxicity (Category 1)

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram

Signal word Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H302 + H332	Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled
H360Df	May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement(s)

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.

P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P501	Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

HMIS Classification

Health hazard:	2
Chronic Health Hazard:	*
Flammability:	0
Physical hazards:	0

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation	Toxic if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation.
Skin	Harmful if absorbed through skin. May cause skin irritation.
Eyes	May cause eye irritation.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed.

SECTION 3. - - - - - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS - - - - - -

Chemical Name	EC No.	CAS-No	Weight %
Lead(II) carbonate basic	215-290-6	1319-46-6	95-100

SECTION 4. - - - - - - - - - - FIRST-AID MEASURES- - - - - - - - - -

General advice
Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.Move out of dangerous area.

If inhaled
If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact
Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact
Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

If swallowed
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

SECTION 5. - - - - - - - - - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES - - - - - - - - - -

Conditions of flammability
Not flammable or combustible.

Suitable extinguishing media
Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Special protective equipment for firefighters
Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

Hazardous combustion products
Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Carbon oxides, Lead oxides

Explosion data - sensitivity to mechanical impact
No data available

Explosion data - sensitivity to static discharge
No data available

SECTION 6. - - - - - - - - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES- - - - - - - - -

Personal precautions

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust.

Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

SECTION 7. - - - - - - - - - - HANDLING AND STORAGE- - - - - - - - - - -

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols.
Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed.

Conditions for safe storage

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Keep in a dry place.

SECTION 8. - - - - - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION- - - - -

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis
Trilead bis(carbonate) dihydroxide	1319-46-6	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
Remarks				
		TWAEV	0.05 mg/m3	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
	As of January 4, 2008, lead [7439-92-1] and its inorganic compounds (As Pb) as foreseen in Part 1 of Annex I, in the regulation concerning the lead foundries of the second fusion. For the application of this article, 'lead foundry of second fusion' is understood to mean any institution intended to treat a substance containing lead, other than lead concentrate from a mine by a chemical or metallurgical process for the production of refined lead, the oxide of lead or lead alloy. Carcinogenic effect detected in animals. Results of studies relating to the carcinogenocity of these substances in animals are not necessarily applicable to humans.			
		TWA	0.05 mg/m3	Canada. British Columbia OEL
	IARC '2A' applies to substances deemed probably carcinogenic to humans on the basis of limited evidence of carcinogenicity in humans. Adverse reproductive effect			
		TWA	0.05 mg/m3	Ontario Table of Occupational Exposure Limits made under the Occupational Health and Safety Act.
	Skin Skinnotation only applies to organic compounds Denotes a chemical agent listed in Table 1 of Ontario Regulation 490/09 (Designated Substances) made under the Act. See clause 2 (2) (a) of this Regulation.			

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Hand protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Eye protection

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166 Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin and body protection

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Hygiene measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Specific engineering controls

Use mechanical exhaust or laboratory fumehood to avoid exposure.

SECTION 9. - - - - - - - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES - - - - - - -

Appearance

Form	powder
Colour	beige

Safety data

pH	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: 400 °C (752 °F) - dec.
Boiling point	No data available
Flash point	No data available
Ignition temperature	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	No data available
Lower explosion limit	No data available
Upper explosion limit	No data available
Vapour pressure	No data available
Density	7.066 g/cm3 at 20.5 °C (68.9 °F)
Water solubility	0.0022 g/l at 25 °C (77 °F) - slightly soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available
Relative vapour density	No data available

Odour	No data available
Odour Threshold	No data available
Evaporation rate	No data available

SECTION 10. - - - - - - - - -STABILITY AND REACTIVITY - - - - - - - - -

Chemical stability
Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions
No data available

Conditions to avoid
No data available

Materials to avoid
Strong oxidizing agents, Strong acids

Hazardous decomposition products
Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Carbon oxides, Lead oxides
Other decomposition products - No data available

SECTION 11. - - - - - - - - - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - - - - - - - -

Acute toxicity

Oral LD50
No data available

Inhalation LC50
No data available

Dermal LD50
No data available

Other information on acute toxicity
No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation
No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation
No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity
No data available

Carcinogenicity
No data available

IARC: 2A - Group 2A: Probably carcinogenic to humans (Trilead bis(carbonate) dihydroxide)

Reproductive toxicity
Reproductive toxicity - Rat - Oral
Effects on Newborn: Growth statistics (e.g., reduced weight gain). Effects on Newborn: Behavioral.

Suspected of damaging fertility.

Teratogenicity
May damage the unborn child. Known human reproductive toxicant

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Globally Harmonized System)
No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Globally Harmonized System)
No data available

Aspiration hazard
No data available

Potential health effects

Inhalation	Toxic if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed.
Skin	Harmful if absorbed through skin. May cause skin irritation.
Eyes	May cause eye irritation.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Lead salts have been reported to cross the placenta and to induce embryo- and feto- mortality. They also have teratogenic effect in some animal species. No teratogenic effects have been reported with exposure to organometallic lead compounds. Adverse effects of lead on human reproduction, embryonic and fetal development, and postnatal (e.g., mental) development have been reported. Excessive exposure can affect blood, nervous, and digestive systems. The synthesis of hemoglobin is inhibited and results in anemia. If left untreated, neuromuscular dysfunction, possible paralysis, and encephalopathy can result. Additional symptoms of overexposure include: joint and muscle pain, weakness of the extensor muscles (frequently the hand and wrist), headache, dizziness, abdominal pain, diarrhea, constipation, nausea, vomiting, blue line on the gums, insomnia, and metallic taste. High body levels produce increased cerebrospinal pressure, brain damage, and stupor leading to coma and often death.

Synergistic effects
No data available

Additional Information
RTECS: OF9275000

SECTION 12. - - - - - - - - - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION - - - - - - - - - -

Toxicity
No data available

Persistence and degradability
No data available

Bioaccumulative potential
No data available

Mobility in soil
No data available

PBT and vPvB assessment
No data available

Other adverse effects

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 13. - - - - - - - - - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS - - - - - - - - -

Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.

Contaminated packaging
Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. - - - - - - - - - - TRANSPORT INFORMATION - - - - - - - - -

DOT (US)
Not dangerous goods

IMDG
UN number: 3077 Class: 9 Packing group: III EMS-No: F-A, S-F
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Trilead bis(carbonate) dihydroxide)
Marine pollutant: Marine pollutant

IATA
UN number: 3077 Class: 9 Packing group: III
Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Trilead bis(carbonate) dihydroxide)

Further information
EHS-Mark required (ADR 2.2.9.1.10, IMDG code 2.10.3) for single packagings and combination packagings containing inner packagings with Dangerous Goods > 5L for liquids or > 5kg for solids.

SECTION 15. - - - - - - - - - REGULATORY INFORMATION - - - - - - - - - -

WHMIS Classification

D1B	Toxic Material Causing Immediate and Serious Toxic Effects	Toxic by inhalation.
D2A	Very Toxic Material Causing Other Toxic Effects	Teratogen Carcinogen

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

SECTION 16. - - - - - - - - - - OTHER INFORMATION- - - - - - - - - - - -

Issuing Date	13-Aug-2009
Revision Date	09-Sept-2016
Revision Note	No information available.
Recommended Restrictions	No information available

Disclaimer

The information provided on this MSDS is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of MSDS